



Utah Broadband Alliance
August 19, 2026
12:00-2:00

Networking Lunch Sponsored by Wi-Fiber

Agenda

12:00-12:10	Welcome and Intro Rebecca Dilg, UBC, Director
12:10 -12:40	NEPA Pre-Screening and Segmentation Alex Bartlett, ICF, Managing Director: Environment & Planning
12:40 - 12:50	Hi-CountryNet Paul Murdock, Hi-CountryNet, Chief Executive Officer
12:50 - 1:05	Workforce Training Sara Syverson, C-Tech Associates, Regional Account Manager
1:05 -1:20	Best Practices for Grant Process Jenny Mae, All West, Controller
1:20-1:50	2 CFR 200 and FASA Arthur Ortegon, WBK, Partner
1:50-2:00	Wrap Up

Welcome

Rebecca Dilg, Utah Broadband Center, Director

NEPA Pre-Screening and Segmentation

Alex Bartlett, ICF, Managing Director: Environment & Planning



National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and Environmental and Historic Preservation (EHP) Reviews for NTIA BEAD Projects

Utah Broadband Alliance Meeting – August 19, 2026



08/19/2026

Agenda

- NEPA and EHP Overview
- Utah BEAD NEPA/EHP Process
- NEPA Project Areas and Subdividing Awards
- Required Phase 1 Pre-Screening Submittals
- UBC Review Process
- Q&A



NEPA and EHP Overview

NEPA and EHP Overview

- Why does NEPA apply to BEAD Projects?
 - BEAD funding is a federal action administered by the National Telecommunications and Information Administration (NTIA).
 - Federal funding triggers review under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) before NTIA may authorize construction activities.
 - Levels of NEPA Review: Most BEAD projects are expected to qualify for a Categorical Exclusion (CatEx); however, projects may require a NEPA Exemption, CatEx, Environmental Assessment (EA), or, in uncommon circumstances, an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) depending on the potential for environmental impacts and the presence of extraordinary circumstances.
- What is EHP?
 - Environmental and Historic Preservation (EHP) review includes NEPA and related federal environmental and cultural resource requirements that may apply to a project. Examples include NEPA, National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA Section 106), Endangered Species Act (ESA), floodplain and wetland requirements, etc.
- Why is this Important?
 - EHP reviews help identify and address potential impacts to historic and cultural resources, Tribal interests and Tribal lands, protected species, wetlands and waters, federal lands, and other sensitive resources.



Utah BEAD NEPA and EHP Process

Connecting Utah Portal

← ↻ 🏠 https://portal.bead.udot.utah.gov/reporting-review/bead/projects


[HOME](#)
[ONBOARDING](#) >
[BEAD REPORTING REVI...](#) ▾
[Projects Dashboard](#)
[Project Plans](#)
[Compliance](#)

[MESSAGES](#) >
[ORG SETTINGS](#) >
[PROFILE SETTINGS](#) >

[Accessibility](#)
[Get Help](#)
[Logout](#)
[Terms of Service](#)

Projects Dashboard

Reporting Projects

38 Projects [Filter](#)

ID	Project ID	Project Name	Subgrantee
1162	CM61-BEAD-UT-UF32	Beaver/Rich/Sevier - Utah Fiber	Utah Fiber, LLC
1166	CM61-BEAD-UT-BIT4	Bluffdale - BitStream	Bitstream Communications
1190	CM61-BEAD-UT-COM7	Box Elder Comcast	Comcast Cable Communications Management LLC
1193	CM61-BEAD-UT-BEE2	Brigham City - Beehive	Wirelessbeehive.com LLC DBA Beehive Broadband
1176	CM61-BEAD-UT-COM8	Cache Valley - Comcast	Comcast Cable Communications Management LLC
1168	CM61-BEAD-UT-STR26	Cache Valley - Strata	Uintah Basin Electronic Telecommunications, LLC DBA Strata Networks
1167	CM61-BEAD-UT-WF40	Cache Valley - Wi-Fiber	Wi-Fiber, INC.
1173	CM61-BEAD-UT-STR27	Daggett County - Strata	Uintah Basin Electronic Telecommunications, LLC DBA Strata Networks
1159	CM61-BEAD-UT-DC13	Fairfield - Direct Communications	Direct Communications Cedar Valley, LLC
1158	CM61-BEAD-UT-CEN6	Fillmore - CentraCom	CentraCom Interactive

< 1 2 3

Deployment Projects

Utah BEAD NEPA/EHP Process



Phase 1: Pre-Screening and NEPA Project Areas (We are Here)

- Define NEPA Project Area(s)
- Complete the NEPA Pre-Screening Questionnaire
- Submit project descriptions, maps, shapefiles, APPEIT reports, and milestone schedules
- Identify projects that may involve federal lands, Tribal lands, sensitive resources, or additional permitting requirements

Phase 2: Preparing the NEPA/EHP Package

- Develop project-specific environmental documentation
- Support Section 106, ESA and other required consultations/reviews
- Refine project schedules and permitting strategies
- Prepare materials for NTIA Environmental Screening and Permitting Tracking (ESAPTT) submission

Utah BEAD NEPA/EHP Process



Phase 3: UBC and NTIA Review

- Conduct UBC completeness and QA/QC reviews
- Resolve comments and cure notices; confirm that documentation is ready for NTIA submission via ESAPTT
- NTIA review, resolution of comments/information requests

Phase 4: Construction Authorization and Compliance

- Consultations conclude and NTIA environmental decision issued
- Environmental commitments and conditions identified
- Required permit obtained
- Federal land and Tribal authorizations obtained (if applicable)
- Compliance, monitoring and closeout



NEPA Project Areas and Subdividing Awards

NEPA Project Areas and Subdividing Awards

What is a [NEPA Project Area](#)?

- The construction space needed to complete the project
 - Total construction footprint, ground disturbance, proposed route/facilities, associated existing facilities, temporary and permanent access roads, laydown and staging areas
 - NEPA must consider all construction actions necessary to complete the awarded project

When should subdividing a project be considered?

- Subdividing a BEAD award is [optional](#), but may be beneficial when projects include:
 - Distinct geographic areas or service clusters
 - Different land ownership
 - Different permitting or consultation requirements
 - Environmentally sensitive areas

Key Criteria

- Independent utility
- Logical end points
- Avoid improper segmentation

NEPA Project Areas – Example

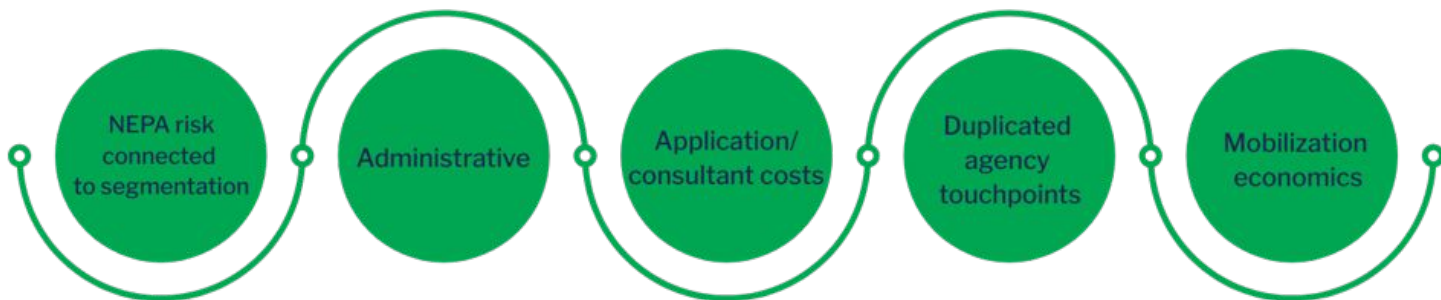
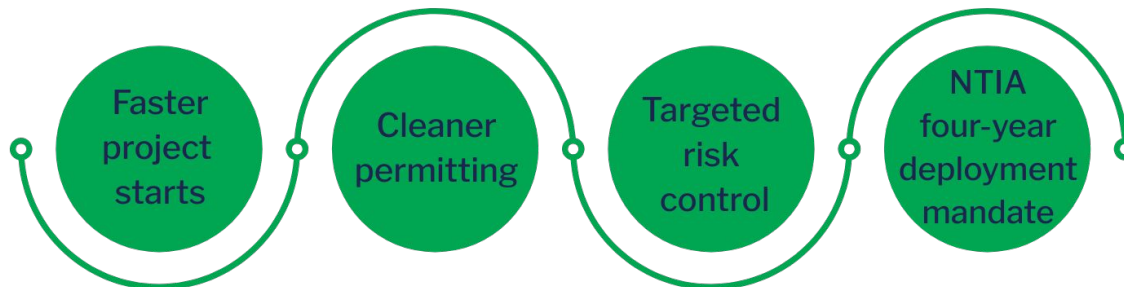
Recommended Best Practice:

- Consider your BEAD Award
 - Areas that cross multiple jurisdictions
 - Areas that contain non-contiguous geographies

Example Scenario:

- Subgrant CM61-BEAD-UT-ICF1 covers two noncontiguous clusters (western Utah within the BLM Fillmore Field Office eastern Utah within the BLM Price Field Office)
- Activities within each cluster/geography have separate permitting pathways and can operate independently
- Assign separate NEPA Project IDs: CM61-BEAD-UT-ICF1-N1 (western) and CM61-BEAD-UT-ICF1-N2 (eastern)
- Distinct geographic areas or service clusters
 - Different land ownership
 - Different permitting or consultation requirements
 - Environmentally sensitive areas

NEPA Project Areas and Subdividing Awards – Pros and Cons





Phase 1 Pre-Screening Submittals

Required Phase 1 Pre-Screening Submittals (Per NEPA Project Area)



1. Project Plans, Maps, and Shapefiles

- Provide project plans, maps, and GIS data that:
 - Represent the awarded BEAD project area
 - Show proposed routes and infrastructure
 - Define any proposed NEPA Project Area boundaries
 - Identify major project components and facilities

2. Project Description

- Concise project description that includes technology type(s), number of locations to be served, proposed deployment methods, major infrastructure components, relevant project context and construction activities.

3. APPEIT Report(s)

- Submit APPEIT screening results for each proposed NEPA Project Area
(cont'd)



4. NEPA Project Area Review Form

- Complete and submit form for each NEPA Project Area

5. NEPA Project ID CSV File

6. NEPA Milestone Schedule

- Should be planning-level that identifies environmental review activities, key consultation milestones, anticipated permitting activities, etc.



UBC Review Process and Next Steps

UBC Review Process and Next Steps

UBC and ICF will review submitted materials to verify:

- Project scope is clearly defined
- Maps, shapefiles, and project descriptions are consistent
- Proposed NEPA Project Area boundaries are reasonable
- Independent utility has been demonstrated (if subdividing)
- APPEIT results have provided
- Required documents are complete and ready for the next phase

Review Outcomes

- **Complete:** Submission is acceptable and may proceed to Phase 2.
- **Complete with Comments:** Submission is generally acceptable, but minor revisions or clarifications are recommended.
- **Cure Required:** Required information is missing, incomplete, or inconsistent. Additional information must be provided before the project can advance.

What happens after Phase 1 Approval?

Projects advance to Phase 2 – NEPA/EHP Package Development, which includes:

- Detailed project descriptions and mapping
- Section 106 support materials
- ESA support materials
- Permitting and authorization planning
- NEPA documentation development



Questions?

Hi-CountryNet Buildout

Paul Murdock, Hi-CountryNet, Chief Executive Officer



Hi-CountryNet Ribbon Splicing

Workforce Training

Sara Syverson, C-Tech Associates, Regional Account
Manager



Welcome to C-TECH: Broadband Academy

**Industry Certified Training Programs Leading to
Careers in Broadband Telecom and 5G!**



Bridging the Skilled Labor Gap



short-term



hands-on training



industry partnerships



high demand careers



proven performance



certifications

Labor Market Data

Below are examples of occupations, potential salaries and the expected growth rate of each occupation graduates can receive following the C-Tech Training:



Smart Home Professional:
\$23.26



Telecommunications Line Installer: \$31.08
Expected Growth Rate: Up to 5%-%8



Satellite Technician: \$34.30
Expected Growth Rate: Up to 1%

Maintenance Installer & Repairer: \$22.45
Expected Growth Rate: Up to 2%

Energy Auditor: \$32.55
Expected Growth Rate: 3% to 4%

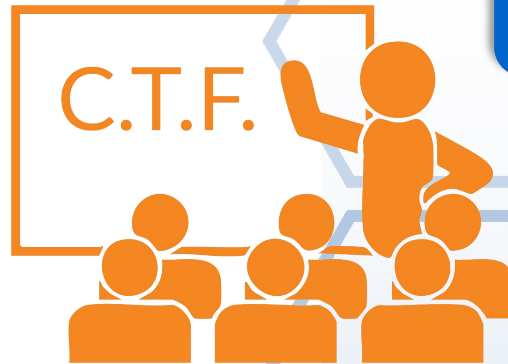


Broadband Academy

100% Turnkey Means 100% Turnkey

Train the Trainer

- No technical background is needed for Teacher Training.
- You can conduct classes at your own pace, from forty-five minute sessions to full-day workforce development programs.
- Certification can be administered on site, as a C-Tech Certified Training Facility (CTF).



Curriculum



- Ready-to-use curriculum with lesson plans included.
- Integrated scaffolding supports student learning.
- Curriculum is tailored for a targeted fifth to seventh grade reading and basic math level.

Broadband Academy

100% Turnkey Means 100% Turnkey



Workstations & Tools

- Designed to replicate real-world environments.
- Includes a full set of industry tools.
- Supports project-based learning experiences.

Student Workstation



Broadband Academy

100% Turnkey Means 100% Turnkey

Certification



6+

- Stackable industry-recognized certifications.
- BICSI and CEDIA CEC's and CEU's leading to lifelong careers.



Broadband Academy

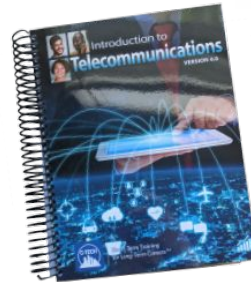
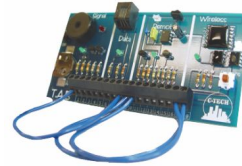
Bridging the gap between
education and industry

Wireless
Fusion Splicing
Fiber Optic
Grounding & Bonding
Copper
Intro to Telecom

Introduction to Telecommunications

Certification: Telecommunications Technologies

Provides students with the fundamental background & skill sets required to pursue any tech-based career. Students, through hands-on experience, will be required to assemble, test, and troubleshoot multiple connectivity systems.

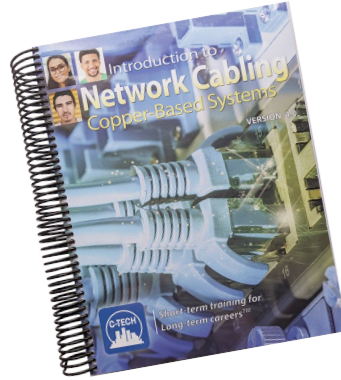
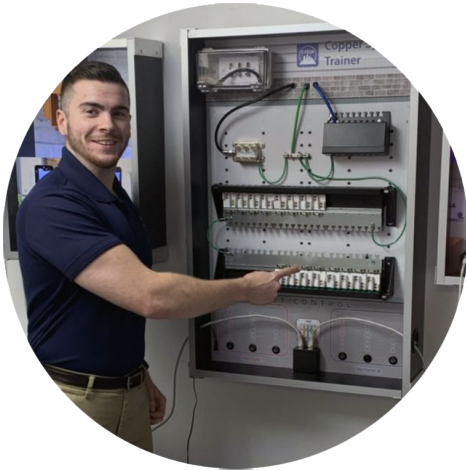


Wireless
Fusion Splicing
Fiber Optic
Grounding & Bonding
Copper
Intro to Telecom

Network Cabling Copper-Based Systems

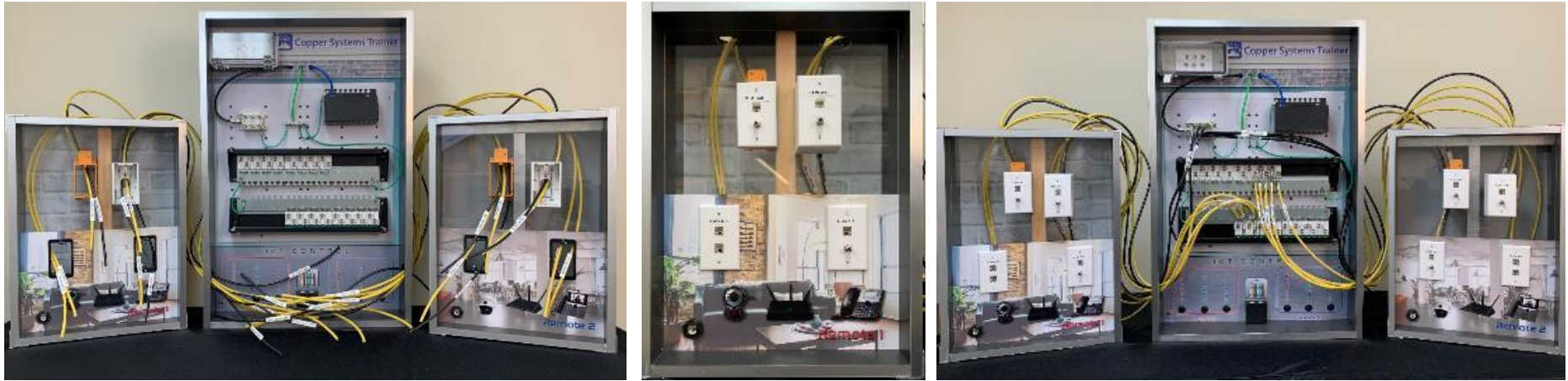
Certification: Network Cabling Specialist Copper Systems

Students learn to construct, test, and troubleshoot copper-based systems, the basis of today's networking. The training aids provide students with hands-on experience in identifying and troubleshooting both commercial and residential wiring & cabling applications.



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Grounding & Bonding
Copper
Intro to Telecom

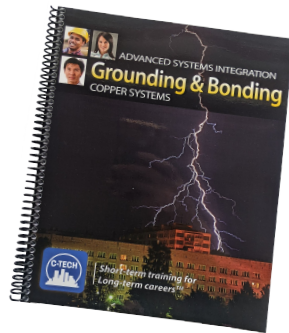
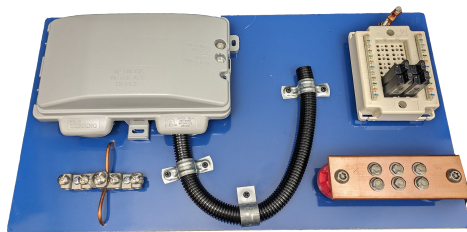
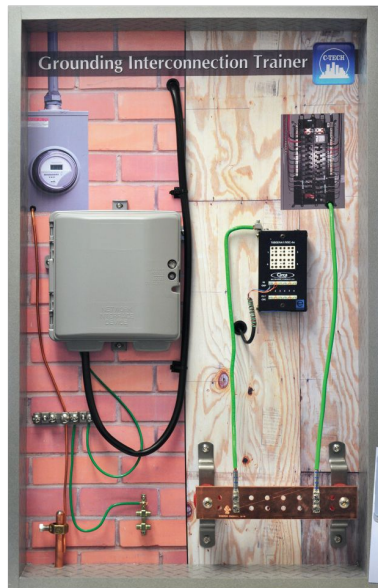
CST and Remote Units



ASI: Grounding and Bonding (Connectivity Safety Systems)

Certification: Grounding and Bonding Technician

Certified graduates gain a complete understanding of external and internal data, voice, and video connectivity systems. Additionally, students are trained to interpret the National Electric Code as well as the responsibilities of the technician in order to correctly ground & bond a connectivity system.

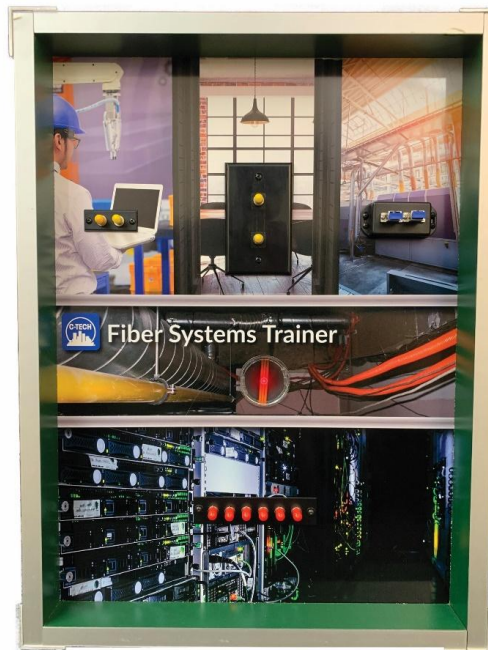


Wireless
Fusion Splicing
Fiber Optic
Grounding & Bonding
Copper
Intro to Telecom

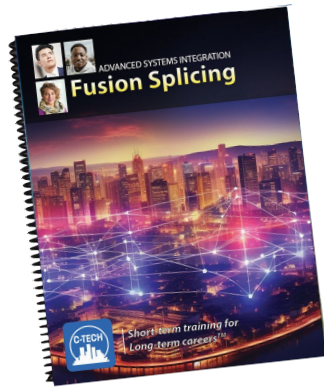
Network Cabling Fiber Optic-Based Systems

Certification: Network Cabling Specialist Fiber Optic Systems

This program teaches students the fundamentals of fiber optic cable termination, testing, and troubleshooting while using high-tech analysis equipment. Students also gain an understanding of the science of light and fiber optics.



Wireless
Fusion Splicing
Fiber Optic
Grounding & Bonding
Copper
Intro to Telecom



ASI: Fusion Splicing

Certification: Fusion Splicer

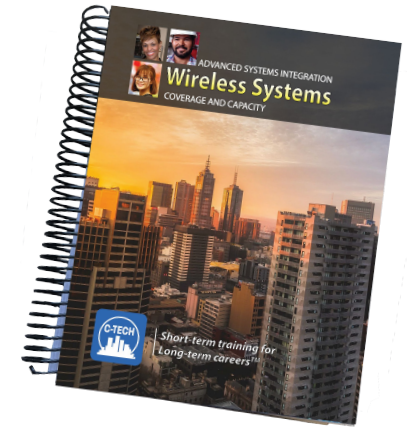
Certified graduates will have proven fusion splicing experience for different splices and optical cabling types ensuring the successful deployment of optical fiber networks with minimal signal loss and providing maximum network efficiency.

Wireless
Fusion Splicing
Fiber Optic
Grounding & Bonding
Copper
Intro to Telecom

Wireless 5G Systems: Coverage and Capacity

Certification: Wireless Technician

This interactive program provides students a complete understanding of wireless systems, equipment connectivity, radio frequency transmission, and reception principles.



Wireless
Fusion Splicing
Fiber Optic
Grounding & Bonding
Copper
Intro to Telecom

Portability! Hands on & Turnkey

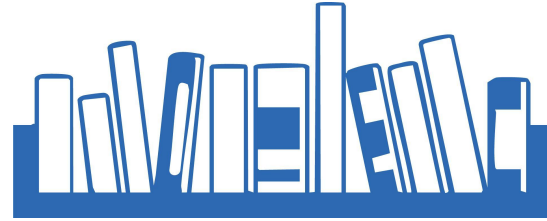
C-Tech simply requires a teacher, a student and any open space.



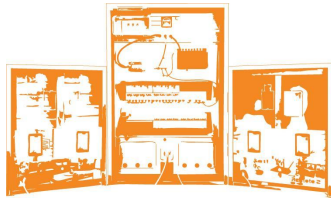
Partnering with C-Tech



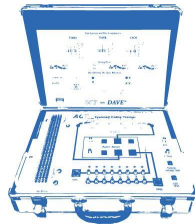
Train the Trainer



Curriculum



Workstations & Tools



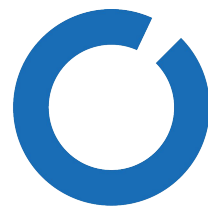
Certification



Joshua Tripps, COX Technician

Additional Supports at Exit Points for Starting a Career!

- Student Support
 - Connecting to Business
 - 10-hour course on Employability
 - Teaches students and job developers
 - How to utilize their certifications
 - Continuing Education Credits (BICSI/CEDIA)
 - Addressing the needs of Returning Citizens
- - Industry Workshops
 - Job Placement Assistance
 - For Workers with Past Convictions



98%
Completion
rate



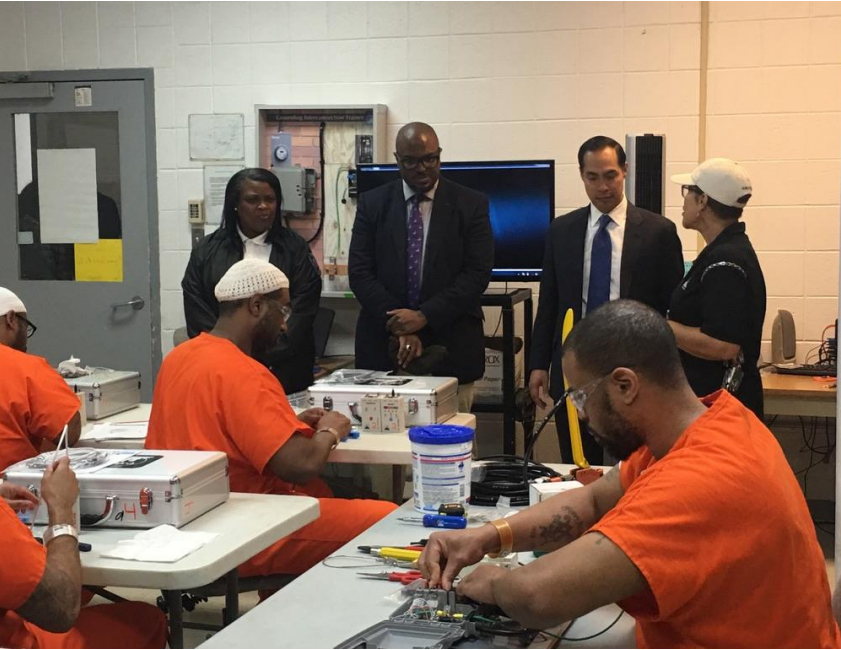
90%
Certification
rate



75%+
Job placement
rate

Portability! Hands on & Turnkey

C-Tech simply requires a teacher, a student and any open space.



Broadband Academy



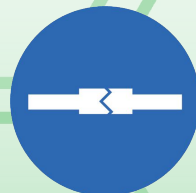
Introduction to Telecommunications

40 Hours



Grounding and Bonding

10 Hours



Fusion Splicing

15Hours

Introduction to Copper Systems

40 Hours



Introduction to Fiber Optics

30 Hours



Wireless 5G

15 Hours



Labor Market Data

Below are examples of occupations, potential salaries and the expected growth rate of each occupation graduates can receive following the C-Tech Training:



Network Technician: 2021- \$22.08
2024- \$34.39

Fiber Optic Technician:
2021-\$24.97 2024-\$35.34
Expected Growth Rate: 2%-4%



Solar Thermal Installer:
\$29.59



Radio, Cellular, and Tower Equipment Installer: \$29.48
Expected Growth Rate: 3% to 4%

Security Fire Alarm System Installer: \$27.13
Expected Growth Rate: 8% or Higher



Frequently Asked Questions



What are the prerequisites for the program?

Interest in technology

How long is the program?

1 – 6 Months WFD or Semester Based CTE

What is the completion rate of the program?

98%

What is the certification rate of the program?

90%

What is the placement rate of the program?

75% - 99%+

Do you offer placement assistance?

Yes! CTB



ctechprograms.com

Q&A

saras@c-techtraining.com

(973) 919-5190

ctechprograms.com

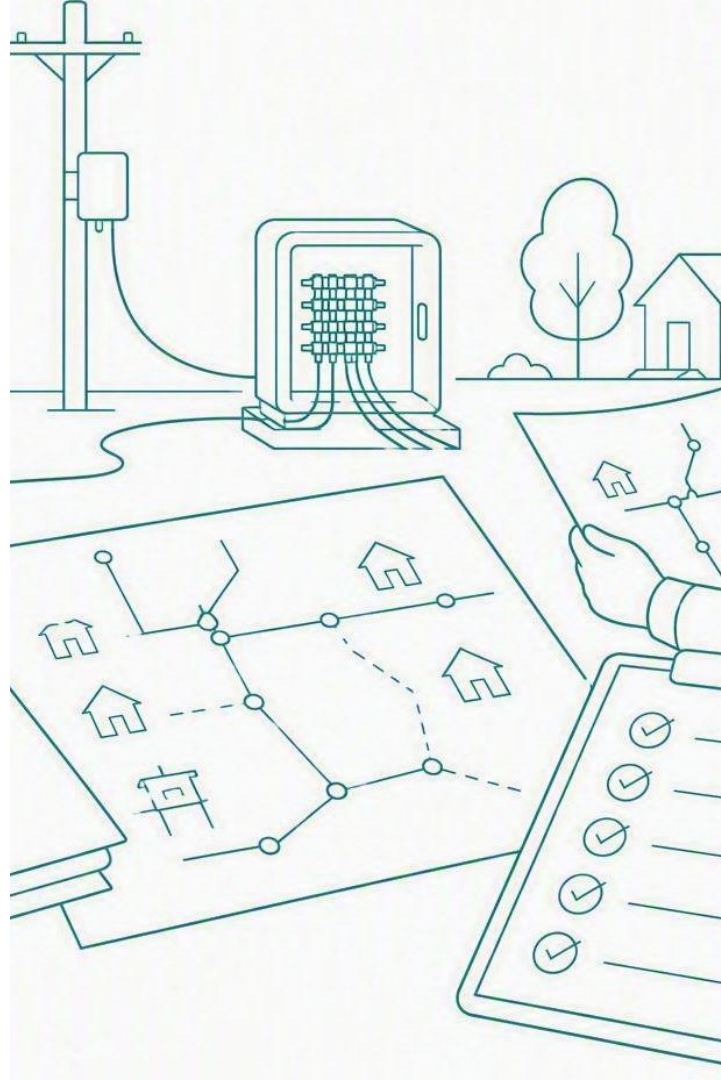


Best Practices for Grant Process Management

Jenny Mae, All West, Controller

BEAD Expense Tracking: Tips & Tricks

Shortcuts for staying organized and ready



First, Why Any of This Matters

- You get paid based on paperwork, not memory
- Time you didn't log and the document you lost are dollars gone
- Questions are coming
- Nobody rebuilds a whole year of paperwork in the final week

Tips for Getting Started

Tip 1 — Name it once

One name, number, or code. Huge when NEPA areas get split up — and everybody uses the same one.

Tip 2 — Read the guidance

Robert Busch's documents spell out what's needed. Start there before you build anything.

Tip 3 — Get everyone aligned

Accounting, engineering, construction, and inventory all need the same picture of the project.

Tip 4 — Divide the work

Who tracks it, who provides it, who pulls it together — settle that before work starts.

Tip 5 — Put dates on it

Internal due dates on the calendar keep submissions from turning into a scramble.

Tip 6 — Overcommunicate

Don't assume everyone knows what's going on. They probably don't. Share updates often.

Tricks for a Tracker You'll Use

- **Make it easy to update — if it's a pain, it won't happen**
- **Build it to match what the state is asking for**
- **Link or attach the backup documents right in the tracker**
- **Capture the details they'll ask about later**
- **Area, dates, and milestone numbers**
- **Work description, work dates, check or direct deposit numbers**
- **Add a summary tab up front**
- **Progress, match funds, and award funds at a glance**

Everyday Tracking Tricks

Do it as you go

Skip the last-minute cram.
Write it down once,
completely, and you never
hunt for it again.

Group by milestone

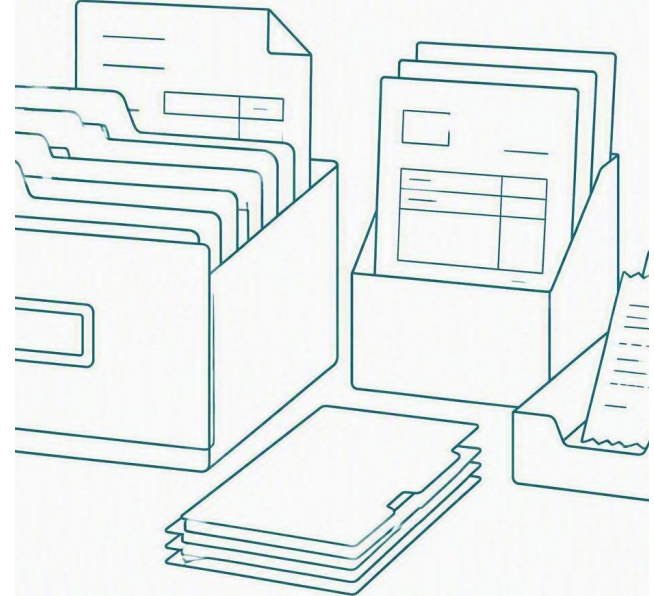
Sort expenses the way you'll
report them and submissions
become copy-and-paste.

Coach the timesheets

Show folks how to code time
to the project. Missed hours
are missed dollars.

Trick: One Home for Everything

- Keep every document and all your backup in one spot
- Use the same folders every single time
 - Application process
 - Agreement documents
 - Contracts
 - Submission requests
 - Milestone
 - Area



Proof Tips: What to Hang Onto

Invoices

Every invoice tied to project work, filed where you can grab it fast.

Contracts

Signed agreements with the contractors and vendors behind the expense.

Payment receipts

Proof the money moved — checks, direct deposits, confirmations.

Timecards

Backup for every labor dollar you claim, including hours you use as match.

When in doubt

Don't throw it out. Storage is cheap — a disallowed expense isn't.

Make it findable

Proof you can't put your hands on is the same as no proof at all.

Last Tip: Expect the Questions

- You're going to get questions. Just know it's coming.
- It's not an accusation
- They ask because they don't know your project like you do
- Good records turn a tough question into a quick answer
- Jot down what was asked and how you answered
- Same answer every time builds trust for the next round

Reference Documents

- Connecting Utah BEAD Finance Guide
- Using Timesheets as Match — Robert Busch
- Disbursements for Multiple NEPA Areas — Robert Busch
- Contact Information:
 - Jenny M Prescott, Controller – All West Communications
 - jenny.mae@allwest.com; 435-783-4912

2 CFR 200 and FASA

Arthur Ortegon, WBK, Partner

What You Need to Know About

BIG BEAD Fixed Amount Subawards (FASAs)

8/19/2026

What is a fixed amount subaward?

NTIA permits Eligible Entities (i.e., states) to make FASAs for (BEAD) subawards where the major purpose of the project is broadband infrastructure deployment, without seeking further approval from the agency, regardless of whether the value of the subaward exceeds the \$250,000 Simplified Acquisition Threshold.

A fixed amount subaward (FASA) is a subgrant in which payment is tied to meeting specific requirements of the award through performance milestones, completed units, or a finished project.

Traditionally, FASAs have been used for awards of up to a Simplified Acquisition Threshold of \$250,000 and programs that do not require a match.

Using a FASA streamlines the administrative requirements associated with an award, leading to faster outcomes.

Moreover, NTIA, through the [Policy Notice: Tailoring the Application of the Uniform Guidance to the BEAD Program](#), provided exceptions, adjustments, and clarifications to certain provisions of the Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), codified at 2 CFR Part 200

Because disbursements can be made based on results rather than actual costs, several Uniform Guidance requirements apply differently to FASAs:

COST PRINCIPLES:

2 CFR Part 200 imposes rules to help determine which incurred costs are allowable.

Subrecipients with FASAs are not required to comply with Uniform Guidance cost principles.

UBC may still choose to use those cost principles, or other pricing information, as a guide when reviewing the budget for the fixed amount

PROCUREMENT:

2 CFR Part 200 generally imposes procurement rules on subgrantees that use Federal assistance funds to obtain property or services to guard against waste, fraud, and abuse.

Subrecipients with FASAs are not required to follow most of the Uniform Guidance's procurement standards.

See more information on next slide.

PROPERTY STANDARDS:

2 CFR Part 200 provides standards and procedures for ownership, title, use, management, and disposition of property acquired or improved under a Federal Award.

Subrecipients with FASAs receive more flexible property standard options.

ALL FASAs MUST BE BASED on a reasonable estimate of actual costs.

Procurement Under FASA

The [Policy Notice: Tailoring the Application of the Uniform Guidance to the BEAD Program](#) states, “[u]nder this authority, NTIA provides here that subrecipients receiving fixed amount subawards pursuant to this Policy Notice are excepted from complying with the procurement standards contained in 2 CFR 200.318-320 and 200.324-326.”

PROCUREMENT STANDARDS THAT DO APPLY:

- 200.317: Procurements by States and Indian Tribes
- 200.321: Contracting with small businesses, minority business, women’s enterprises, veteran-owned business, and labor surplus area firms
- 200.322: Domestic preferences for procurements
- 200.323: Procurement of recovered materials
- 200.327: Contract provisions

PROCUREMENT STANDARDS THAT DO NOT APPLY:

- 200.318: General Procurement Standards
 - Documented procurement procedures; oversight of contractors; conflicts of interest; avoidance of unnecessary or duplicative items; procurement arrangements using strategic sourcing; use of excess and surplus Federal property; use of value engineering clauses; responsible contractors; procurement records; time-and-material type contracts; settlement of contractual and administrative issues; examples of labor and employment practices.
- 200.319: Competition
- 200.320: Procurement Methods
- 200.324: Contract Cost and Price
- 200.325: Federal Agency or Pass-Through Entity Review
- 200.326: Bonding Requirements

The Uniform Guidance Policy Notice states, “Because [FASAs] must be based on a reasonable estimate of actual cost, the authority to issue [FASAs] is **conditioned upon a requirement** that the [Eligible Entity/**UBC**] **monitors the reasonableness of the subrecipient costs.**”

- Eligible Entities may require subrecipients to submit evidence of actual costs (e.g., receipts, invoices, paystubs, et. Al.).
- Payments to the subgrantee may be limited to actual costs after review of evidence of costs (*See 2 CFR 200.201(b)(1)*).
- NTIA reiterates that despite the additional flexibility for the use of the program income (i.e., subgrantees MAY retain program income, such as income derived from the servicing and use of these BEAD-funded networks for profit) DOES NOT change the BEAD Program’s prohibition on subgrantees claiming “profit and fees” as allowable costs.

UBC shall use a FASA model built around milestone disbursements with receipt review for BIG BEAD Grants, and has defined milestones for fiber, fixed wireless, and low-Earth orbit (LEO) satellite projects.

Milestone Payments with Receipts Review

Upon meeting a milestone, a subgrantee may submit a payment request for an amount up to a defined percentage of its total award; exception of Milestone #1.

When a subgrantee reaches a milestone, it must submit two categories of documentation before UBC will disburse funds:



Evidence that milestone was met:

For fiber and fixed wireless projects, this may include items such as

- GIS-stamped and dated photographic evidence of construction progress
- Current network diagrams
- Permit and environmental clearance documentation
- Professional Engineer certifications.

For LEO satellite projects, this could include:

- Signed affidavits of service availability
- speed and latency test data for newly served locations.



Evidence of actual cost:

- Receipts
- Invoices
- Paystubs
- or other documentation substantiating the amount the subgrantee is requesting, including match amounts, up to the milestone's defined cap.

Validating Project Costs

The measures recipients can use to validate that FASAs reasonably approximate the actual cost of broadband infrastructure projects include, but are not limited to:

- Requiring subrecipients to periodically report their expenses using [Generally Accepted Accounting Principles](#) or other standard accounting practices, or
- Monitoring the proportional costs across the key spending areas:
 - Professional services
 - Construction services
 - Outside plant, towers, and poles
 - Network and access equipment
 - Operating equipment
 - Customer premise equipment
 - Contingency funds
 - All other expenses

FASAs AND MATCH

FASAs do not eliminate the BEAD statutory match requirement. A subgrantee's match amount must be at least 25 percent of total project cost for a deployment project.

Match funds are expected to be expended at the same general rate as the Grant Funds.

UBC's fixed amount subawards combine milestone payments with receipt review and proportional match; therefore, the subgrantee can decrease the match amount appropriately through a budget modification or scope change if the subgrantee's final project cost is below the budgeted amount (i.e., required match is recalculated proportionally to reflect that lower, final project cost).

Payment Structure	(A) Initial Project Cost	(B) Initial Match Amount	(C) Final Project Cost	(D) Final Match Amount
FASA with Receipt Review with Proportional Match	\$1,000,000.00	\$250,000.00 $(A * 0.25) = B$	\$900,000	\$225,000 $(C * 0.25) = D$ Submit budget modification

Questions?

Wrap Up

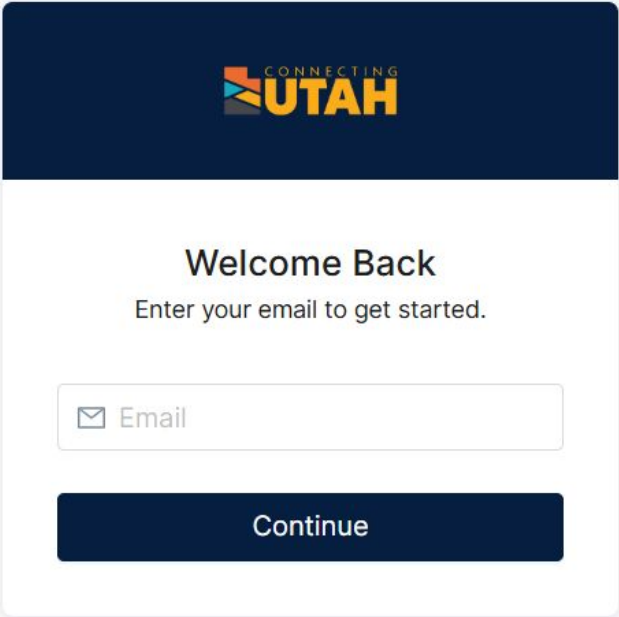
Broadband Alliance Meeting August 2026

Announcements

- Tentative Next Meeting: November 18, 2026
- TBCP and NEGP grant opportunity closes November 17, 2026
https://broadbandusa.ntia.gov/sites/default/files/2026-07/TBCP3_NEGP_FAQ_v1_07_2026.pdf
- NTIA BEAD Webinar: Permitting that Delivers: August 26 1:00-2:00pm
https://ntia.gov.zoomgov.com/webinar/register/WN_wX7y4ecCQySdFY5GStzJUw#/registration
- Pre-Contract Requirement (PCR) documents are past due. Please submit ASAP.
- The deadline to submit the NEPA Pre-Screening and Project Plan documents is August 31, 2026.

Next Steps for BEAD Subgrantees

- Log in to <https://portal.bead.udot.utah.gov/> and review the available forms
- Collect and submit required pre-contract documentation
- Complete Tribal consultations and secure resolutions of consent



The screenshot shows a login interface for the BEAD portal. At the top, there is a dark blue header with the "CONNECTING UTAH" logo. Below the header, the text "Welcome Back" is displayed, followed by the instruction "Enter your email to get started." A text input field with a placeholder "Email" and an envelope icon is provided. Below the input field is a dark blue "Continue" button. At the bottom of the form, a link to the "Terms of Service" is visible.

CONNECTING
UTAH

Welcome Back

Enter your email to get started.

Email

Continue

By signing in, you agree to our [Terms of Service](#)

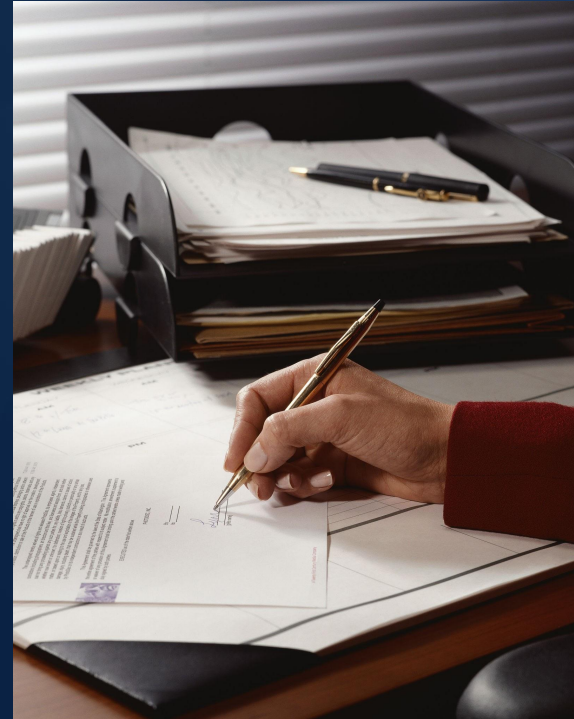
Next Steps for BEAD Subgrantees



- Prepare for NEPA reviews
 - Secure NEPA consultants
 - Review NTIA's [APPEIT tool](#)
 - Subdivide any NEPA and historic project areas to submit; review the NEPA area form on the portal
 - Prepare documentation for environmental reviews

Next Steps for BEAD Subgrantees

- Review draft subgrantee agreement at <https://connecting.utah.gov/grants/big/final-proposal/> (Exhibit G)
 - Submit a comment in the comment form or email us at connectingutah@utah.gov with any feedback or redlines
- Final drafts of the subgrantee agreements will be sent out as soon as they are available



Timeline



BEAD Technical Assistance Materials

Technical Assistance Resources

- Frequently Asked Questions
- Grant Management Portal
- February 2026 Technical Assistance Training Materials
- Next Steps
- Administrative & Financial Resources
- Environmental & Permitting Resources
- Security & Compliance Resources
- Technical & Engineering Resources

<https://connecting.utah.gov/grants/bigbeadta/>